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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/539,991	05/11/2006	Christian Riondet	RFR0049	8316	
	7590 06/04/201 IOWARD ATTORNE	EXAMINER			
450 West Fourt		DUONG, THO V			
Royal Oak, MI 48067			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3744		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			06/04/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Appli	Application No. Applicant(s)					
		10/5	39,991	RIONDET ET AL	RIONDET ET AL.			
		Exan	niner	Art Unit				
		Tho v	v. Duong	3744				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	cation appears o	n the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAN IS IN 1997. THE MAN IS IN 1997 IN 1997. THE MAN IS IN 1997. THE MA	ALING DATE Of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In nication. utory period will apply fill, by statute, cause the	F THIS COMMUN no event, however, may and will expire SIX (6) Mine application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	l on <i>01 March 2</i>	010.					
•		b)∐ This action						
3)	' 							
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>2-4,9-14 and 16-18</u> is/are pe	ending in the ap	olication.					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)🛛	5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16-18</u> is/are allowed.							
6)🛛	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-4 and 9-14</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or electi	on requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a)∏ accepted o	or b)⊡ objected t	o by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any object	ion to the drawing	g(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including t	he correction is re	equired if the drawir	ng(s) is objected to. See 37 C	CFR 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examine	r. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form P	'TO-152.			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo			. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			v Summary (PTO-413)				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	O-948)		o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:								

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's amendment filed 3/1/10 is acknowledged. Claims 2-4,9-14 and 16-18 are pending.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 3/1/10 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's argument that Sugimoto's figure 5 fails to disclose both cheeks being offset, and an equivalent offsetting level between the first and second heat exchangers, has been very carefully considered but is not found to be persuasive. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., both cheeks being offset) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPO2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). In claims 4 and 9, applicant claims that "the cheeks (40) have an equivalent offsetting level between the first and second heat exchanger". Clearly, Sugimoto discloses (figure 5) that cheeks (300) have an offsetting level. It does not appear that the applicant claims that each of the cheek has an offsetting level. Furthermore, Sugimoto discloses that the offset level (h3) is equivalent to the amount of offset between the difference in height of the first and second heat exchangers. Furthermore, applicant's argument that Sugimoto's figure 6 does not disclose the tubes being offset from one another in a direction orthogonal to the tube, has been very carefully considered but is not found to be persuasive. Sugimoto discloses (figure 6) that the tubes (110) and (210) have different thickness, the planar surfaces of tubes (110) is offset with the planar surfaces of the tubes (210), which partially cause the overall offset between the first and second heat exchanger and this offset level is compensated by the offset (301) of the side plate (300).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 2-4 and 9-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 4 recites the limitation "the cheeks" in line 19. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 9 recites the limitation "the cheeks" in line 19. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 2-4,9-12 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stoynoff et al. (US 2003/0075307A1) in view of Sugimoto (US 6,408,939). Stoynoff discloses (figures 1-1d, and paragraphs 33 and 46-47) a heat exchange module comprising at least a first and a second heat exchanger (12,30), each exchanger comprising fluid circulation tubes (14,32), generally flat, uniformly spaced, having a width; a heat exchanger fin consisting of a corrugated strip comprising a first heat exchange zone (16) and a second heat exchange zone (34); before assembly, the strip comprises a zone (50,52) of weakness able to allow the fin to be parted into a first element (16) and a second element (34); the zone of weakness consists of a straight slot (50) interrupted at some of the faces of the corrugations by at least one residual link (52) provided between the first and second heat exchanger zone. Stoynoff further discloses (paragraphs 33 and 36) that the residual link (52) can be broken so that first element and the second element are separated after assembling. Stoynoff substantially discloses all of applicant's claimed invention as discussed above except for the limitation that the tubes of the heat exchanger are offset from one another in a direction orthogonal to the tube and the cheeks have an equivalent offsetting level between the first and the second heat exchangers. Sugimoto discloses (figures 5-6) a heat exchange module that has the tubes (110,210) offset from one another in a direction orthogonal to the tube and side plates (300) including an equivalent offsetting level (301) between a first and a second heat exchangers (130,230) for a purpose of providing a rigid support for the first and second heat exchangers that have unequal heights. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Sugimoto's teaching in Stoynoff's device for a purpose of providing a rigid support for the first and second heat exchanger that have unequal height. Regarding claim 3, basing on a geometrical relationship

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between a height (h) of the residual link (52) and a height (H) of the corrugated fin, Stoynoff discloses (figure 1d) that a height (h) of the residual link (52) is between H/5 and H/30. Moreover, applicant has not disclosed any criticality or any unexpected result for having the claimed range of the height of the residual link. It appears that the residual link would perform equally well with the height shown in Stoynoff, which is able the link to be broken. Accordingly, the use of the claimed range of height of the residual link is deemed to be a design consideration which fails to patentable distinguish over the prior art of Stoynoff.

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stoynoff and Sugimoto as applied to claim 9 above, and further in view of Nozaki et al. (US 2002/0125000). Stoynoff and Sugimoto substantially disclose all of applicant's claimed invention as discussed above except for the limitation that the residual links are broken by moving the heat exchangers one relative to the other. Stoynoff discloses that the residual link can be broken by a mechanical or chemical means. Nozaki discloses (figure 3 and paragraph 47) a shearing force is applying to the heat exchanger module to move the heat exchange portions relative to each other for a purpose of breaking a residual link (40a) to separate the heat exchange module into two separate heat exchange portions. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Nozaki's teaching in the combination device of Stoynoff and Sugimoto for a purpose of breaking the residual link to separate the heat exchange module into two separate heat exchange portions.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 16-18 are allowed.

Conclusion

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Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tho v. Duong whose telephone number is 571-272-4793. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tyler J. Cheryl can be reached on 571-272-4834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Tho v Duong/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3744